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Suleiman is the same as the ancient Shiz; but he disputes the truth of identifying Gazaca, Ganzaca or Ganzog with Shiz, and consequently with the modern Takht-i Suleiman.

In a note, statements are collected from a Perso-Arabic geographer to the effect that an old name for Yezd, or for the main quarter of the city, was "Kata." There is good reason, Professor Jackson thinks, for holding this to be true, although there is some dissenting opinion.

Two old itineraries from Shiraz to Yezd are quoted in full: the one by Istakhri, in the 10th Century; the other by Josafa Barbaro, in the 15th Century.

The author is by no means a "dry-as-dust" antiquarian. He has a keen sense of humour, a broad appreciation of beauty and literary knowledge and feeling. One enjoys such touches as "It was Shakspere's birthday—a day memorable to me even in Persia." These personal qualities, combined with scholarliness of treatment, have produced a rare book, and make welcome the news that Professor Jackson will start in April for another trip to the Orient.

J. B. A.

The Dominion of Canada, with Newfoundland and an Excursion to Alaska. Handbook for Travellers, by Karl Baedeker. Third revised and augmented edition. lxiv and 331 pp., Bibliography, 13 Maps, 12 Plans, and Index. Karl Baedeker, Leipzig, and Charles Scribner's Sons, New York, 1907. (Price, \$1.80.)

Northern Italy, including Leghorn, Florence, Ravenna, and Routes through Switzerland and Austria. By Karl Baedeker. Thirteenth Remodelled Edition. lxiv and 592 pp., 30 Maps, 40 Plans, and a Panorama. Karl Baedeker, Leipzig, and Charles Scribner's Sons, New York, 1906. (Price, \$2.40.)

The present edition of Baedeker's "Canada" is especially welcome because so much has been done recently, particularly among the Canadian Cordilleras, to enhance the enjoyment of tourists. This edition is thoroughly up to date and no conpendium of Canada for the use of travellers equals this volume. The special sections are written by the men who are qualified to make them most valuable. The late Dr. George M. Dawson's geographical and geological sketch of Canada has been revised by Dr. H. M. Ami and Mr. James White, and those who know the scientific personnel of Canada are aware of the thorough qualifications of Ami and White for such literary service. The maps, as usual, are admirable. One of the new maps is that of the Selkirk Range, to which the tide of travel is increasing every year. This is based upon the surveys of Arthur O. Wheeler, who wrote the authoritative book on the Selkirks, printed by the Canadian Government in 1905. Sixteen pages are given to the Alaska trip from Victoria to Sitka and the Yukon.

The present volume of North Italy has been revised and considerably augmented. It is a well-arranged and complete introduction to the routes, the culture, and the art of one of the most fascinating parts of Europe.

Arctic Exploration. By J. Douglas Hoare. viii and 314 pp., 4 Maps, 18 Illustrations, and Index. E. P. Dutton & Co., New York, 1906.

This book is a summary in considerable detail of Arctic explorations. It does not cover the whole list, but chapters are devoted to all the conspicuous expeditions, and they are treated at sufficient length to give them the character of narrations of Arctic work instead of mere résumés. The result is that the book

has readable quality, and is well adapted to impart a comprehensive view of Arctic exploration. The facts are accurate, and the maps are excellent, especially the Bartholomew chart of the north polar regions. The history of Arctic enterprise is brought down to Peary's last expedition.

Erdkunde für Schulen. Von Alfred Kirchhoff. I Teil: Unterstufe. Thirteenth improved edition. 66 pp., 12 Illustrations. Buchhandlung des Waisenhauses, Halle a. S., 1906. (Price, 80 pf.)

Erdkunde für Schulen. Von Alfred Kirchhoff. II Teil: Mittel- und Oberstufe. Thirteenth edition. v and 395 pp., 36 Illustrations, I Table, and Index. Buchhandlung des Waisenhauses, Halle a S., 1907. (Price, M. 3.40.)

Part I gives the outlines of mathematical and political geography and globe studies for beginners. Part II is regarded as among the best geographies used in German schools. Written for the middle and high schools, it practically covers the field of geography as far as the study is pursued by students for whom it is intended. The section on map projections will be valuable to any American student who reads German. Germany and her colonies are treated with particular fulness. There are no maps in the text nor any references to maps in the footnotes, which means that the books are to be used in connection with any of the good German school atlases.

Hunting Big Game with Gun and with Kodak. A Record of Personal Experiences in the United States, Canada, and Mexico. By William S. Thomas. ix and 240 pp., 70 Illustrations from original photographs, and Index. G. P. Putnam's Sons, New York and London, 1906.

These hunting adventures are widely distributed from British Columbia to New Brunswick and south to Mexico. They are lively sketches of the wilds that will interest a far larger circle than the brotherhood of Nimrods. The kodak had a conspicuous place in these outings and nearly every page has a half-tone illustration. More of these good views should bear titles giving an idea of their location. This would help to increase the geographical interest of the book. Much of the information concerns the life led by Indians, hunters, and trappers. The author was so fortunate as to catch on his photographic plates many specimens of deer, moose, water birds, and other animals in superb settings of lakes, forests, and mountains.

Pioneer Work in Hunan by Adam Dorward and other Missionaries of the China Inland Mission. By Marshall Broomhall. viii and 114 pp., Two Appendices, Illustrations, Map, and Index. China Inland Mission, 1906. (Price, 2s.)

Pioneer missionaries were long knocking at the door of Hunan and they laboured there for many years without fruit to cheer them. This narrative of missionary effort has great variety, for the story leads through the years of the closed doors into the present era with its boundless opportunities. Modern Chinese history would not be complete without such chapters as this volume supplies. The book contains an alphabetical list of all the chief, walled cities of Hunan. A map of the country, on which is imposed a map of England and Wales, shows that Hunan is considerably larger than that part of Great Britain.